

令和5年度 入学試験問題

英 語

(時間 50 分)

[注意事項]

1. 試験開始の合図まで中を開けてはいけません。
2. 受験番号、氏名を解答用紙に記入しなさい。
3. 試験問題は 8 題あります。
4. 問題が抜けていたり、印刷がはっきりしない場合は申し出なさい。
5. 解答は解答用紙に記入しなさい。
6. 解答用紙だけを提出しなさい。

A. 次の英文を読み、後の設問に答えなさい。

I was curious about Sandra's "obsession." She seemed to *be obsessed with *Frigidaire *appliances. I could not understand it. She never bought any other *brand of appliances.

This was a difficult problem for me. When I had to buy an appliance, my wife often got very angry. (1)I developed negative feelings toward her. I did not care that she liked Frigidaire. But I cared that she said *irrational things. Her obsession often made me angry. I had many bad memories about this.

We discussed this topic early one spring day while we were walking to the beach from home as usual. I will never forget that day. Sandra and I *were amazed at what we learned from this. (2)It was truly synergistic. Sandra learned for the first time the reason for her obsession. Even she herself did not know why she was obsessed with Frigidaire appliances.

She began to tell me about (3)her father. He worked as a high school history teacher for many years. He also had an appliance business to *earn additional income. During a *recession, he was in *serious financial trouble. At that time, Frigidaire helped him financially.

Sandra was very close to her father. When he came home, she often sang songs to him. They spent precious moments together almost every day for years. He often talked to her about his business. He also told her about the support he had received from Frigidaire. That is why she always stuck to Frigidaire, and this led to a strong obsession in her mind. She recalled it when she spoke with me.

Sandra understood herself and also the cause of her feelings toward Frigidaire. I also understood her better. And I came to respect her more. Sandra was not obsessed with Frigidaire. But she just (4)cherished the memories of her father.

We cried with joy that day because our respect for each other had grown. (5)We should not judge people only by what we see. Let us try to understand others deeply.

(註) be obsessed with～: ～にこだわる Frigidaire: フリッジデール社(アメリカの電化製品会社) appliances: 電化製品
brand: ブランド irrational: 不合理な be amazed at～: ～に驚く earn additional income: 副収入を得る
recession: 不景気 serious financial trouble: 深刻な財政危機

[設 問]

1. 下線部(1)の理由として、最も適切なものを次のア～エより 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. 筆者はサンドラとは別のブランドにこだわりがあったから。
- イ. 筆者はサンドラがフリッジデール社が好きなことを気にしていたから。
- ウ. 筆者はサンドラが怒って不合理なことを言うことを気にしていたから。
- エ. 筆者は物覚えが悪く、しばしばサンドラと口論になっていたから。

2. 下線部(2)を和訳した文として、最も適切なものを次のア.～エ.より1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. この話し合いは、まさにお互いを激昂させるものだった。

イ. この話し合いは、実際に平行線をたどるものだった。

ウ. この話し合いは、実に礼儀正しいものだった。

エ. この話し合いは、真にお互いの心を通わすものだった。

3. 下線部(3)について、本文の内容にあてはまらないものを次のア.～エ.より1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. 父は高校の教員として働きながら、電化製品の事業も行っていた。

イ. 父は不景気の際に、フリッジデール社から金銭的な援助を受けた。

ウ. 父とサンドラは、何物にも代えがたい日々を過ごした。

エ. 父は仕事のことをサンドラに話すことはなかった。

4. 下線部(4)の単語の意味として、最も適切なものを次のア.～エ.より1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. to love someone or something very much and take care of them well

イ. to feel sorry about something you have done and wish you had not done it

ウ. to have something in your hand, hands, or arms

エ. to think very carefully about something that you are doing

5. 下線部(5)の中の **what we see** に当たる本文中の具体的内容を「サンドラが」に続けて、20字以上、25字以内の日本語で答えなさい。ただし句読点も字数に数える。

6. 本文の内容にあてはまらないものを次のア.～エ.より1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. 筆者は当初、サンドラのこだわりを理解できていなかった。

イ. サンドラは自分のこだわりについて、筆者と話し合う前からきちんと認識していた。

ウ. サンドラのこだわりには、彼女の父との思い出が大きく関係していた。

エ. 筆者は、サンドラと話し合う中で彼女のこだわりの真相を理解していった。

B. 次の英文を読み、後の設問に答えなさい。

When we find a book that interests us, it is natural for us to wish to learn about the author. If he lives near us, we wish to see him; ⁽¹⁾if not, we read about him. Now Robert Stevenson wrote many stories and essays that are interesting to older people as well as to younger, although many of them were written *especially for boys and girls. More than ⁽²⁾this, his *remarkable life is as interesting as his stories.

A sickly boy, he often had to lie in bed while others played, but he had a happy boyhood *nevertheless, *for he lived in a world ⁽³⁾created by his imagination. He was never tired of listening to the *tales told and ⁽⁴⁾read to him by his mother and his nurse. He (A) never for very long at a time, but he was a highly *educated man, for he had a quick mind and was untiring in his study of the subjects that he liked. He was born in Scotland and lived in England, France, Switzerland, America, and the islands of the Pacific, and he died in *far-off Samoa. He (B) made them freely in every place where he lived. The *devotion of native chiefs to him in the islands of the South Seas was beautiful to see. ⁽⁵⁾Is it any wonder that a man who had such power for making friends and who had such wonderful experiences of travel should have been able to interest boys and girls and men and women in his wonderful tales?

Robert was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, November 13, 1850. His father, Thomas Stevenson, was a lighthouse engineer, as had been his father and his grandfather. His mother was the daughter of a *clergyman in Colinton, near Edinburgh. ⁽⁶⁾Her health made it necessary to leave much of the care of her son to a nurse, Allison Cunningham, who proved to be an important influence in his life. She was very religious and very *superstitious. Moreover, she had a great fund of stories and traditions of Scotland and of the land of the imagination *peopled by fairies and spirits. She (C) read him many poems that took hold on his imagination.

As he grew older and stronger, he paid long visits to his grandfather's *manse in Colinton where he played with his cousins and showed such inventive and imaginative power that *by common consent he was their leader. *Thus, in boyhood, he showed two *distinct traits that became decidedly important to his success: his active imagination and his winning personality, which made for him warm friends wherever he went.

(註) especially: 特に remarkable: めざましい nevertheless: それにもかかわらず

..., for~: …、というのは～だからである tale: 物語 educated: 教養のある far-off: 遠く離れた devotion: 献身

clergyman: 牧師 superstitious: 迷信を信じやすい peopled by~: ~が住んでいる manse: 牧師館

by common consent: 何の異論もなく thus: こうして distinct traits: 際立った個性

[設 問]

1. 下線部(1)の意味として、最も適切なものを次のア.～エ. より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. 私たちがその著者のことについて学べないとしたら

イ. 私たちがその著者に会いたくないとしたら

ウ. その著者が私たちの近くに住んでいないとしたら

エ. その著者が私たちを近くで見かけたくなかったら

2. 下線部(2)が指すものとして、最も適切なものを次のア.～エ.より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. スティーブンソンは、多くのおもしろい物語や随筆を書いたということ。

イ. スティーブンソンは、子どもたちのためだけに物語を特別に書いたということ。

ウ. スティーブンソンの物語は、その筆者のことを知りたくなるほど特別だということ。

エ. スティーブンソンの物語は、彼の波乱万丈な人生そのものだったということ。

3. 下線部(3)createdと(4)readの文中での発音と同じものをア.～エ.より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

(3) created ア. liked イ. loved ウ. decided エ. showed

(4) read ア. heavy イ. meat ウ. idea エ. steak

4. 空所(A)～(C)に入れるのに、最も適切なものを 1 つずつ選び、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。

ア. never fails to see them when he wrote and

イ. was also fond of poetry and

ウ. had an unusual power of making friends and

エ. had an accident when he was listening to him and

オ. was able to go to school very little and

5. 下線部(5)の内容を最もよく説明しているものを次のア.～エ.より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. 旅に同行した友達と素晴らしい経験を語れる人であれば、その人が書いた本に、少年少女や大人たちが関心を示さないはずがない。しかし、彼に耳を貸さないものがあるということは不思議なことだ。

イ. 友達を作ることができる才能に恵まれ、しかも素晴らしい旅の経験をした人が、その話で少年少女や大人たちの興味をひくことができたのは当然ではないだろうか。

ウ. 旅の間、気ままに友達を作り、苦楽を共にして成長した仲間たちの中には、同世代の少年少女だけでなく、大人たちもいたということは不思議ではない。

エ. 素晴らしい旅の話をして友達を作ることができる、そんな才能を持つ人が、全世代から歓迎されるのは当然だと言える。その旅の話をもっと大げさに話すので、人々が彼の話にじっと聞き入るのは当然のことだ。

6. 下線部(6)の内容を最もよく説明しているものを次のア.～エ.より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. 母は健康を当然のこととしてとらえていて、看護師と相談する必要はほとんどなかった。

イ. 母は自らの健康と子どもの健康を、乳母(うば)と一緒に守っていくほかなかった。

ウ. 母は健康に対してかなり気をつけているので、息子の健康について看護師に相談した。

エ. 母の健康がすぐれず、息子の世話の多くは、乳母にゆだねなければならなかった。

7. 本文の内容と一致するものを次のア.～キ.より2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア. スティーブソンは病弱だったため、母親が物語や詩を読んで聞かせることしかできなかったが、そのことによって彼の性格はとても穏やかになったと言える。
- イ. 活発な創造力と人の心をひきつける個性があったため、スティーブソンは、どこへ行っても心温かい友達を作ることができた。
- ウ. スティーブソンの幼少期は病弱で不幸だったが、そのことがむしろ彼の作品に深みを与えた。
- エ. スティーブソンは自分が生み出した世界に生きていたので、母や乳母が読んでくれる物語には、決して耳を傾けなかった。
- オ. スティーブソンの壮絶な人生は、彼が想像力を駆使して書いた詩や、人の心をひきつける物語より一層興味深い。
- カ. 成長したスティーブソンは、自他ともに認めるリーダー的存在となり、その勝気な性格は、他を寄せ付けない雰囲気を出していた。
- キ. 南太平洋の島々の長老たちが、スティーブソンに寄せた献身的愛情は美しいものであった。

C. 次の設定にしたがい、英文を読み、後の設問に答えなさい。

【設定】あなたはオーストラリア人の友人 Matt と、ビデオ通話機能を使って会話をしています。Matt は日本への旅行を計画しているようです。

Matt: Hi there! Long time no see!

You: Hi Matt! How have you been? It's been almost one year since you were here in Japan last time.

Matt: That's right. I've been very busy here after I came back from Japan. But, you know what? I'm planning to have another trip to Japan!

You: What? That sounds so great! When are you coming here?

Matt: Next summer. (1).

You: Sure. Anything is OK.

Matt: Well, I really loved Kamakura last time. I want to go there again, but I've heard of hot springs in Japan too. There are lots of good hot springs to visit in Japan, right? I didn't know anything about the hot springs when I was there.

You: Yeah. Most areas in Japan have hot springs. (A) are located in the mountains, (B) by the ocean. Well, if you have a lot of time, you should travel to Hokkaido. You can enjoy not only various hot springs, but the beauty of nature and delicious food there.

Matt: Hmm, Hokkaido really sounds nice, but I'm afraid I don't have enough time and money to travel there. Maybe I'll go to Hokkaido when I'm rich in the future. Oh, (2) the way, my sister is crazy about looking for instagrammable pictures such as the picture of *Daibutsu* on someone's hand.

You: Wait a minute. What does "instagrammable" mean?

Matt: Oh, it's an English word which has begun to be used recently. Instagrammable pictures are the ones that look cool, beautiful, or mysterious. Of course, they should be good to look at on SNS applications like Instagram, Twitter and so on.

You: I see. We probably say *insutabae* in Japanese. One of the most famous *insutabae* places is Fushimiinari Shrine in Kyoto. You can take an instagrammable picture like a bright red tunnel, which is made of many overlapping *torii* gates, and this red tunnel makes us wonder what is at the end of it.

Matt: Oh, I've seen that picture before! That's completely instagrammable!

You: Well, then, what were you asking me again, please?

Matt: Oh, yeah, I almost forgot about it. My sister and I are planning to travel to Japan. I thought we should visit some hot springs, but my sister isn't interested in hot springs at all. So, I'd like you to tell me some good places to take instagrammable pictures. Of course, the picture locations should be only in Japan.

You: Well, then, can you give me some time to think? Later, I can tell you some great places for "Japan only" instagrammable pictures!

Matt: Yeah, and it would be great to find some instagrammable places I haven't seen before.

You: OK! I'll email you with my recommendation as soon as possible!

Matt: Great! Thank you so much! I'm looking forward to your email!

You: OK, see you then.

Matt: Bye!

[設 問]

1. 空所(1)に入る最も適切な発話を、次のア.～エ.より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. Do you like summer?

イ. What do you like to do in summer?

ウ. Do you have anything to tell me?

エ. Can I ask you something?

2. 空所(A)と(B)に入る単語の組み合わせを、次のア.～エ.より 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. They — them

イ. More — more

ウ. We — another

エ. Some — others

3. 空所(2)に入る最も適切な1語を、次のア.～エ.より1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. by

イ. on

ウ. about

エ. to

4. 本文の内容と一致していないものを、次のア.～カ.より2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア. Matt went to Japan a year ago.

イ. Matt has never been to hot springs in Japan.

ウ. Matt is probably going to visit Hokkaido next summer.

エ. Matt has heard about a picture of *Daibutsu* on SNS.

オ. Matt forgot a plan to travel to Kyoto.

カ. Matt is asking you to look for instagrammable places for his sister.

5. 下線部についての問題です。後日あなたは Matt のために候補地を調べ、メールで紹介することになりました。本文中で Matt が述べていた条件に合うように、候補地の1か所を英語で伝えましょう。なお、採点は以下の【採点基準】に基づいて行います。ただし、書き出しは解答用紙に指定されています。何文書いても構いません。

【採点基準】

- ・おすすめの候補地が書いてある
- ・その候補地で何を撮影するかが書いてある
- ・撮影した写真がどう instagrammable なのかを説明している

D. 次の空所に入れるのに、最も適切なものを次のア.~エ.から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1. The gentleman () was quite polite.
ア. I spoke to イ. that I spoke ウ. that I spoke to him エ. I spoke
2. I hear Torres lives () in Madrid or in Barcelona.
ア. both イ. which ウ. none エ. either
3. “Do you know that Chris had a skiing accident?”
“Yes. He has a () leg, but I think he’ll be OK.”
ア. broken イ. broke ウ. breaking エ. break
4. You don’t have to wait for me () I finish eating lunch.
ア. while イ. until ウ. as long as エ. so

E. 下線部が文法・語法上誤っているものを 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1. Last week both my friends (ア)didn’t come (イ)to school (ウ)because of sick.
2. Capsule toy machines (ア)see (イ)more in Japan than (ウ)any other country in the world.
3. The girl (ア)who dresses herself (イ)beautiful (ウ)is known to everyone in our school.
4. One of (ア)the most famous (イ)rock bands are the Beatles (ウ)formed in Liverpool in 1960.
5. (ア)She said to me, “(イ)I cannot remember (ウ)where is the national museum located.”

F. 日本語に合う英文となるように、(A)、(B)それぞれの () 内の語群を並べかえたとき、(A)、(B)のいずれか一方に不足する 1 語があります。その 1 語を書きなさい。なお、(A)、(B) のどちらの文であるかは答える必要はありません。

1. 彼は親切にも私に駅への道を教えてくれました。
(A) He (that / the / way / kind / told / he / was / me) to the station.
(B) He (tell / the / way / kind / to / enough / was / me) to the station.

2. この島を発見した人を誰も知りません。
 (A) Nobody (discovered / knows / island / this / who).
 (B) The (island / known / is / discoverer / not / this).
3. あなたの妹はその贈り物が大変気に入りましたよね。
 (A) The present (much / pleased / didn't / sister / your / very / ,)?
 (B) Your (pleased / the / sister / she / gift / was / with / very / wasn't / ,)?
4. 私はこんな高い建物は今まで見たことがありません。
 (A) I (building / such / never / seen / a / this / have / tall).
 (B) This (I / is / that / seen / the / ever / have / building / tallest).
5. 急げば電車に間に合いますよ。
 (A) If (you / you / train / don't / miss / hurry / will / up / the / ,).
 (B) Hurry (and / time / you / train / be / up / will / the / for / ,).

G. 日本文の意味を表す英文になるように空所に入れるべき 1 語を答えなさい。ただし、語頭の文字が指定されている場合は、その文字から書きなさい。

1. 通りを渡る前に左右を見なさい。
 Look (b) ways before () the street.
2. 彼女から連絡があったのは 1 か月前だ。
 I (h) () from her for one month.
3. ジェフは彼女をパーティーへ連れて行くと思う？ — わからないな。
 Do you think Jeff is taking his girlfriend to the party? — I'm () (s).
4. サッカーのスペイン戦、観た？ — もっと早く起きられてたら、観てたよ。
 Did you see the football match against Spain? — I () I (c) have got up earlier.
5. ご注文はお決まりでしょうか？ — まだ決めていません。
 Are you (r) () order? — I haven't decided yet.

H. 次の英文 a.～c.の空所に共通して入る語をそれぞれ答えなさい。ただし、解答する際は、すべて小文字で始めること。

例) a. My brother goes () the stadium for his club activity every Sunday.

b. Thanks () you, I was able to pass the exam.

c. () win the game, we practiced very hard. 答え : to

1. a. The Prime Minister had to give up his () because of his scandals.

b. You cannot () any paper or bill on this wall.

c. Larry, could you buy some stamps at the () office?

2. a. You can see a () of camels in the far-off distance in the Sahara.

b. His job is to () dolphins to give a great performance at the aquarium.

c. Oops! I'm afraid we're getting on the wrong (). We should go to platform 2.

3. a. In my opinion, even () fielders should have a strong arm in baseball.

b. When she was younger, Britney couldn't eat a lot, so she usually () her meals.

c. Go over the first traffic light, and turn () at the second.

4. a. Should I turn my watch () three hours after the airplane lands?

b. Sit in the () of this boat if you get seasick easily.

c. Kate helps her father because he has a pain in his ().

5. a. This system is already out of ().

b. I'm looking forward to a () with Beth next weekend.

c. If we go to Canada from Japan by air, we usually cross the () line.

